### TO ELL

## Primary 5 Science Curriculum and Assessment Briefing

(Standard & Foundation)

17 January 2023



#### **Content**

- A. Coverage of Topics and Concepts
- B. Assessment
  - Knowledge-type and Application-type
     Questions
- C. Strategies to Support our Pupils



#### A. Themes and Topics

Syllabus Requirement						
Themes	* Lower Block (Primary 3 and 4)		**Upper Block (Primary 5 and 6)			
Diversity	<ul> <li>Diversity of living and non-living things (General characteristics and classification)</li> <li>Diversity of materials</li> </ul>					
Cycles	<ul> <li>Cycles in plants and animals (Life cycles)</li> <li>Cycles in matter and water (Matter)</li> </ul>	(Reprodu	plants and animals iction) matter and water			
Systems	<ul> <li>Plant system         (Plant parts and functions)</li> <li>Human system         (Digestive system)</li> </ul>	Human s	ory and circulatory systems) ystem ory and circulatory systems) em			
Interactions	Interaction of forces (Magnets)	(Frictiona force in s	on of forces Il force, gravitational force, prings) on within the environment			
Energy	<ul> <li>Energy forms and uses (Light and heat)</li> </ul>	(Photosy	orms and uses nthesis) onversion			

Topics which are underlined are not required for students taking Foundation Science.

Reference: https://www.moe.gov.sg/docs/default-source/document/education/syllabuses/sciences/files/science-primary-2014.pdf



#### A. Topics (Termly)

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4
<ul><li>Cells</li><li>Reproduction     (Animals and     Plants)</li></ul>	<ul><li>Water and Changes of State</li><li>Water Cycle</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Plant Transport         System</li> <li>Respiratory         System</li> <li>Circulatory System</li> </ul>	• Electrical Systems
<ul> <li>Reproduction (Animals and Plants)</li> <li>Plant Transport System</li> <li>Respiratory System</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Circulatory System</li> <li>Water and Changes of State</li> <li>Water Cycle</li> </ul>	• Electrical Systems	Electrical Systems



#### A. Topics and Concepts

Thematic Approach (Upper Block)

- 4 themes: Cycles, Systems, Energy and Interactions (over the span of 2 years)
- Appreciate the links between different themes / topics to allow the integration of scientific ideas.
- More advanced concepts and skills are built on basic ones learnt at the lower block.



#### Science Skills and Processes

Skills	Processes
Observing	Creative problem
Comparing	solving
Classifying	Decision-making
Using apparatus and equipment	Investigation
Communicating	
Inferring	
Formulating hypothesis	
Predicting	
Analysing	
Generating possibilities	
Evaluating	

#### 2014 Science (Primary) Syllabus

For more details, visit the link: <a href="https://moe.gov.sg/education/syllabuses/sciences">https://moe.gov.sg/education/syllabuses/sciences</a>

Science Syllabus Primary

Implementation starting with 2014 Primary Three Cohort



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#### **Assessment**

#### Purpose?

- Understanding of core concepts
- Readiness of child
- Close learning gap

How?

#### **Weighted Assessments**

**WA1: Performance Task** 

**Application of Skills** 

**WA2: Pen and Paper** 

Booklet A: MCQ

Booklet B: Open-ended / & Structured Question\*

#### **End of Year Assessment**

#### **Pen and Paper**

Booklet A: MCQ

Booklet B: Open-ended / & Structured

Question\*

#### JUNYUAN PRIMARY SCHOOL

Nurturing every child in a vibrant and caring environment where talents blossom

	Some User	UL WORDS*			Son	
1	amphibian	39	magnet		<u> </u>	
2	attract	40	magnetic material			
3	battery	41	mammal	1	amphibian	
4	blood	42	mass		•	
5	boil	43	melting	2	attract	
6	breathe	44	metal	_		
7	bulb	45	muscles	3	battery	
8	carbon dioxide	46	nitrogen		•	
9	circulation	47	nymph	4	blood	
10	condense / condensation	48	oxygen		51000	
11	conductor	49	overcrowding	5	boil	
12	contract / contraction	50	photosynthesis		DOII	
13	deforestation	51	poles	6	breathe	
14	digestion	52	pollinate / pollination	0	Dicalic	
15	earth	53	pollute / pollution	7	bulb	
16	electricity / electrical circuit	54	predator	- 1	bulb	
17	energy	55	prey	0	sarban diavida	
18	evaporate / evaporation	56	producer	8	carbon dioxide	
19	expand / expansion	57	reflect		1 1 12	
20	fertilise / fertilisation	58	repel	9	circulation	
21	flexible	59	reproduce			
22	float	60	reptile	10	condense / condensation	
23	food (chain)	61	seed (dispersal)			
24	force	62	shadow	11	conductor	
25	freeze	63	shape	• •	COTTOGGETOT	
26	friction	64	sink	12	contract / contraction	
27	fungi	65	skeleton	14	contract / contraction	
28	germinate / germination	66	space	13	deforestation	
29	global warming	67	spore	10	uciorestation	
30	gravity	68	steam	4.4	diagotion	
31	gullet	69	steel	14	digestion	
32	heart	70	stomach	40	41-	
33	heat	71	switch	15	earth	
34	insect	72	temperature		1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
35	insulator	73	thermometer	16	electricity / electrical circuit	
36	intestine	74 75	volume			
37	light	/5	water (vapour)			



#### **B.** Assessment

There are different question types:

**Knowledge and Application Type Questions** 

Pupils will be able to apply facts / concepts to new situations and use one or a combination of basic process skills.

Familiarity with the terms used in the question stems will benefit pupils:

Spend less time writing unnecessary information (correct facts but not answering to the point, marks are not awarded)



#### Good practices to meet demand for the assessment

#### Apply strategies taught when answering

This benefits pupils as they approach the question systematically.

**MCQ** 

Open-Ended

(OE)

**Elimination method** 

**ETC** 

ETC3ER

(ETCCCER)

**CER** 



#### **ETC Strategy in Answering Science Questions**

**Extract Information** 

Circle key information in diagrams / text

**Topic Identification** 

Use key information in the diagrams or stem as clues to identify topic tested

**Concept Identification** 

Identify concept within topic



#### **ETC3ER Strategy**

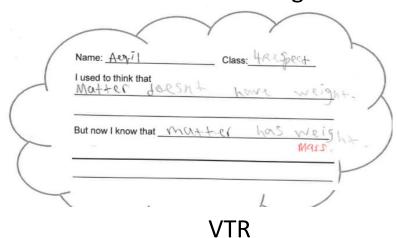
Extract	Topic	Concept	Compare (	Claim	Evidence	Reason
key information from text and	Use the key information to identify topic(s) related to question	Identify relevant concepts from the topic(s) identified	Check if answer requires a comparison.  If yes, use comparatives (involve 2 objects) or superlatives (more than 2 objects)	State the choice to the question	State data or results from the question to support the claim	Use concepts to explain how the evidence supports the claim

#### C. Supporting our Pupils

- Accurate understanding of concepts is important
  - MAKE CONNECTIONS between concepts learnt
  - APPLY concept(s) in new situations
  - EXPLAIN clearly, completely and accurately referencing to science concepts/ facts
- Revision of concepts learnt from P3 to P6. Home support from parents/ guardians is important. To keep all the Science materials till child sits for PSLE. (SKIA, Science Journal Book)
- Practice
  - Important to practise the array of thinking skills (e.g. creative problem solving, decision making & investigation skills) that support scientific inquiry

# Trictional force is a contact force. It is present when two surfaces are in contact. It can slow down or stop a moving object as it acts in the opposite direction of motion. A time that approses into when the refaces are in contact. The taxture of a surface affects frictional force. Also moving object moves a shorter distance and more slowly on the rough surfaces. There is greater frictional force between a moving object and a rough surface than between the object and a smooth surface. The amount of frictional force between the moving object and a surface does not depend on the surface area in contact. When we rub our hands together, there is frictional force between our palms; when we still a mithles, the frictional force between the mathetick and mithless causes the mathetick for initional force helps us to grip objects without disopping them. Frictional force helps us to grip objects without disopping them. It helps to slow down or stop a moving object. It helps to light a match/lighter)

#### notes taking

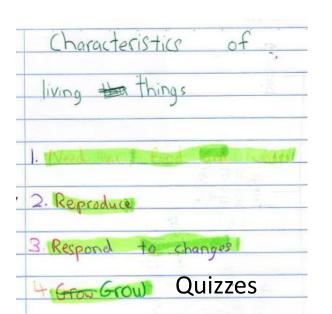


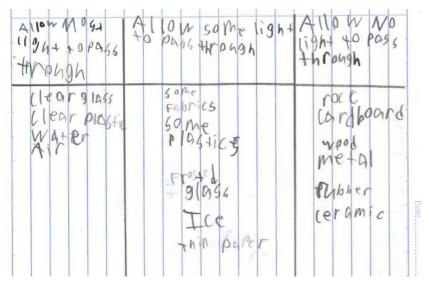
#### Our Class Chart Matter Not matter

pencil
fire extinguisher
blood
air
table
boy
water
air freshener
door
shark

music thunder shadow heat light

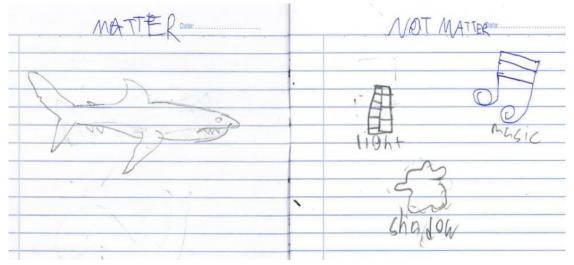
> Consolidated postlesson discussion print-out

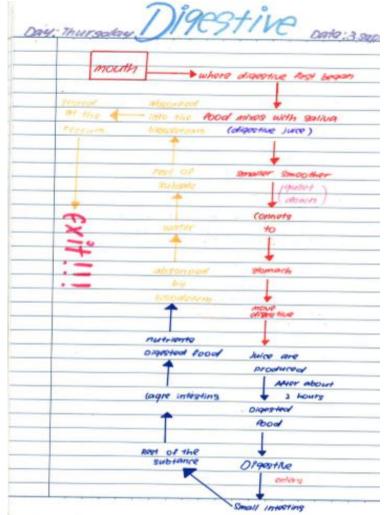




Classification table

Respect. Responsibility. Resilience. Integrity. Care. Harmony

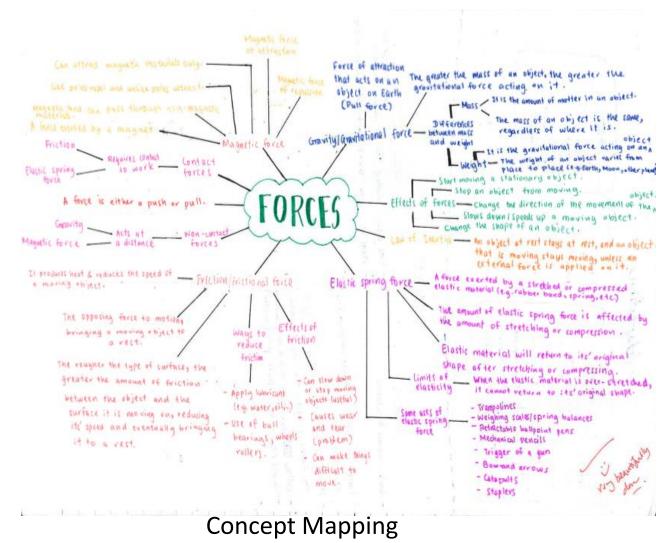


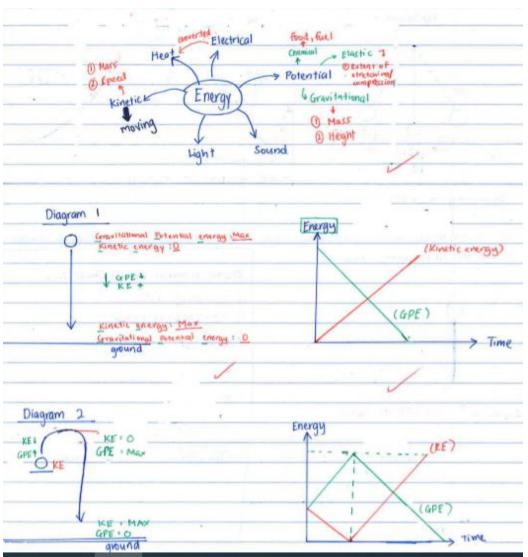




Students using different styles that they consolidate/validate their own learning







Graph/Diagram

espect. Responsibility. Resilience. Integrity. Care. Harmony



#### C. Supporting our Pupils

Support if child is keen on investigative work



LEARNING

SPACE













#### Sky Map

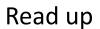
This one started out as a project at Google, and then became open source. If you don't know where to start, point it at the sky and have it direct you toward something cool.



Daily happenings around us

- Weather patterns
- Fungi growing along roadside
- Technology/research

Interest building – Some apps online/mobile apps





#### Parents' Workshop





https://go.gov.sg/parentswkshop2023

